SULIT 4541/1 Chemistry Paper 1 Mei 2007 1¹/₄ jam



BAHAGIAN SEKOLAH KEMENTERIAN PELAJARAN MALAYSIA

PEPERIKSAAN PERTENGAHAN TAHUN 2007

FORM 5 CHEMISTRY

Paper 1

Satu jam lima belas minit

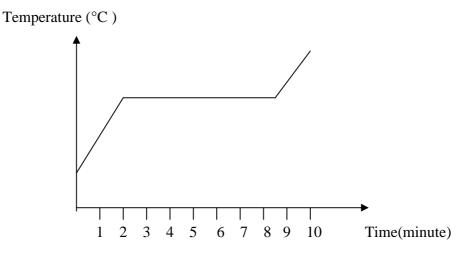
JANGAN BUKA KERTAS SOALAN INI HINGGA DIBERITAHU

- 1. Kertas soalan ini mengandungi 50 soalan.
- 2. Jawab semua soalan
- 3. Jawab dengan menghitamkan ruangan yang betul pada kertas jawapan
- 4. Bagi setiap soalan hitamkan satu ruangan sahaja
- 5. Sekiranya anda hendak menukar jawapan, padamkan tanda yang telah dibuat. Kemudian hitamkan jawapan yang baru.
- 6. Rajah yang mengiringi soalan tidak dilukiskan mengikut skala.
- 7. Anda dibenarkan menggunakan kalkulator saintifik yang tidak boleh diprogramkan.

4541/1

- A student wants to study the relationship between the concentration of hydrochloric acid and time of reaction by reacting the acid with magnesium ribbon.What should be the responding variable ?
 - A Concentration of acid
 - **B** Time taken for reaction
 - **C** Amount of magnesium ribbon
 - **D** Length of magnesium ribbon
- 2 Which of the following atomic models was proposed by Ernest Rutherford?
 - A The atom is the smallest particle
 - **B** The atom is a positively charged sphere
 - C The atom contains a nucleus that is surrounded by electrons moving at random
 - **D** The atom contains a nucleus that is surrounded by electrons that move in certain orbitals.
- 3 Avogadro number is the number ofUse the information relative atomic mass for He =4, C=12, Cl =35.5 and Ca=40
 - A atoms in 12 g of carbon-12
 - **B** atoms in 8 g of helium
 - C molecules in 35.5 g of chlorine
 - **D** chloride ions in 11 g of calcium chloride

The diagram shows a graph of temperature against time for the heating of substance X



Which of the following is true about substance X at the sixth minute?

- A All the molecules move freely
- **B** Molecules are closely packed and atoms move freely
- C Molecules and atoms move freely
- **D** Some molecules are closely packed while some molecules move freely
- 5 Among the following compounds, which one contains particles bonded by strong electrostatic forces?
 - A Ammonia
 - **B** Naphthalene
 - C Carbon dioxide
 - **D** Potassium oxide

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The table shows the proton numbers for elements X, Y and Z. 6

Element	Proton Number
X	13
Y	15
Z	11

What type of oxides are formed by X, Y and Z?

	X oxide	Y oxide	Z oxide
Α	Amphoteric	Acidic	Basic
В	Amphoteric	Basic	Acidic
С	Acidic	Amphoteric	Basic
D	Acidic	Acidic	Basic

- 7 Which of the following conducts electricity but does not undergo chemical changes?
 - Molten lead (II) chloride A
 - B Molten sulphur
 - Molten magnesium С
 - Molten Aluminium nitrate D

8 The following equation represents changes that occur during the electrolysis of molten copper(II) oxide.

 $\begin{array}{cccc} Cu^{2_{+}} + me^{-} & & Cu \\ 2O^{2_{-}} & & & O_{2_{+}} + ne^{-} \end{array}$

Which set of numbers correctly represent the value of m and n?

	т	п
Α	1	1
В	2	4
С	2	1
D	2	2

- **9** Which of the following substance is acidic ?
 - A Sodium hydroxide
 - **B** Sulphur dioxide
 - **C** Potassium oxide
 - **D** Ammonia

10 Which of the following is not true about the properties of alkali?

- **A** Undergoes neutralisation with acid.
- **B** Has a pH value greater than 7.
- **C** Reacts with ammonium salt when heated to produce ammonia gas.
- **D** Reacts with metal carbonates to produce carbon dioxide
- **11** What is precipation reaction?
 - A One aqueous soluble salt and one insoluble salt are mixed to form an insoluble salt.
 - **B** One aqueous soluble salt and one insoluble salt are mixed to form soluble salt.
 - **C** Two different aqueous soluble salts are mixed to form an insoluble salt
 - **D** Two different aqueous soluble salts are mixed to form soluble salt.

- 12 What substance is embedded into glass to make a photochromic glass?
 - A Silver chloride
 - **B** Sodium chloride
 - C Copper(II) nitrate
 - **D** Silicon dioxide
- **13** Which of the following reactions, vanadium(V) oxide and the temperature of 450°C are required in the Contact Process?
 - $\mathbf{A} \qquad S(l) \ + \ O_2(g) \ \rightarrow \ SO_2(g)$
 - $\mathbf{B} \qquad 2\mathrm{SO}_2(\mathrm{g}) + \mathrm{O}_2(\mathrm{g}) \rightleftharpoons 2\mathrm{SO}_3(\mathrm{g})$
 - $\mathbf{C} \qquad \mathbf{SO}_3(g) \ + \ \mathbf{H}_2 \mathbf{SO}_4(l) \ \rightarrow \mathbf{H}_2 \mathbf{S}_2 \mathbf{O}_7(l)$
 - $\mathbf{D} \qquad H_2 S_2 O_7(l) \ + \ H_2 O(l) \ \rightarrow \ H_2 SO_4(l)$
- 14 Aluminium powder reacts faster with hydrochloric acid than an aluminium strip because
 - A the particles in the aluminium strip are packed closely
 - **B** the particles of aluminium powder have more kinetic energy
 - **C** the aluminium powder has a larger total surface area
 - **D** there is a layer of aluminium oxide on the aluminium

15 The table shows the total volume of gas collected at regular intervals in a reaction

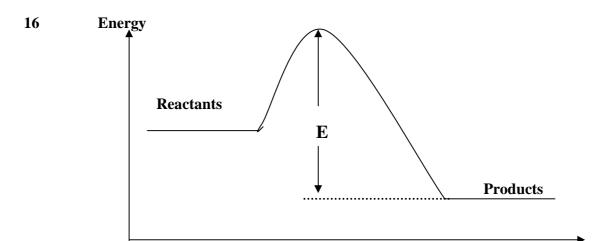
Time (s)	0	30	60	90	120	150	180	210
Volume of gas (cm ³)	0	2.0	3.7	5.2	6.4	7.3	8.6	8.6

What is the average rate of reaction in this experiment ?

A	$0.041 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$
B	$0.048 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

 $C = 0.049 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

D 0.053 cm³/s



From the diagram above, it can be concluded that

- A heat is required to start the reaction.
- **B** the activation energy for the reaction is E.
- **C** the reaction is exothermic.
- **D** the reactants are higher in concentration than the products.

17 Which of the chemical substance can prevent the coagulation of latex?

- **A** Aqueous ammonia solution.
- **B** Aqueous ethanoic acid solution
- **C** Aqueous sodium chloride solution
- **D** Vinegar

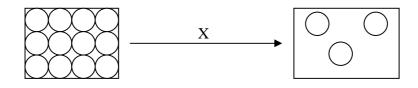
18 Which of the following is not grouped in the same homologous series ?

- **A** Propane, butane, hexane
- **B** Ethanol, methyl propanol, 1-butanol
- C Acetic acid, propanoic acid, sulphuric acid
- **D** Heptene, ethene, pentene
- **19** The electron arrangements of atoms of elements P and Q are 2.8.4 and 2.6 respectively.

Which of the following statements about the formation of a compound of P and Q is true ?

- A Each atom of Q receives an electron from an atom of P
- **B** Each atom of P receives four electrons from an atom of Q
- C Each atom of P combines with two atoms of Q by sharing of electrons
- **D** Each atom of P combines with one atom of Q by transfer of electrons
- 20 What is the main purpose of using superconductors?
 - **A** Devices made from superconductors are very cheap.
 - **B** To minimize the electrical resistance.
 - **C** To produce durable devices.
 - **D** To prevent the devices from corrosion.

- 21 Which of the following is an insoluble salt?
 - A Silver nitrate
 - **B** Ammonium chloride
 - C Magnesium carbonate
 - **D** Zinc sulphate
- 22 The diagram shows the arrangement of particles for a type of matter that undergoes a change in physical state through process X.



What is process X?

- A Melting
- **B** Boiling
- C Freezing
- **D** Sublimation

23 The table shows the melting points and boiling points of substances S, T, U, V and W.

Substance	Melting point/ ^o C	Boiling point/ ° C
S	- 182	- 162
Т	- 23	77
U	- 97	65
V	41	182
W	132	290

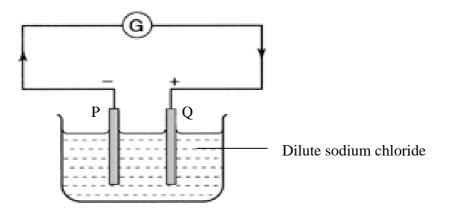
Which substance exists as a gas at room temperature?

- A S only
- **B** S and T only
- C T and U only
- **D** Vand W only
- 24 The table below shows the proton number of elements M and N

Element	Proton number
М	3
N	17

Which is true of the compound formed between elements M and N?

Compound formula		Type of bond	
A	MN	Ionic bond	
B	MN	Covalent bond	
С	M_2N_3	Ionic bond	
D	M_3N_2	Covalent bond	



In which set of the following pair of metals would electron flow in the direction as in the diagram?

	Р	Q
Α	Copper	magnesium
В	Zinc	Magnesium
С	Copper	Iron
D	Zinc	Lead

26 What is the number of atoms in 1 mole of ammonia, NH_3 ? Use the information that the Avogadro Constant 6.02 X 10^{23} mol⁻¹

- A 6.02×10^{23}
- **B** 2.408 X 10²⁴
- C 1.806 X 10^{23}
- **D** 1.2×10^{24}

27 The chemical formula for glucose is $C_6H_{12}O_6$. This shows that

- I the empirical formula for glucose is CH₂O
- II each glucose molecule is made up of 6 carbon atoms, 12 hydrogen atoms and 6 oxygen atoms.
- III 1 mol of glucose contains a total of 144×10^{23} atoms
- IV One glucose molecule has a mass of 180 times higher than the mass of 1 hydrogen atom

Use the information relative atomic mass for H = 1, C = 12 and O = 16Avogadro Constant = 6.02 X 10^{23} mol⁻¹

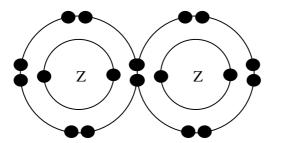
- A I and II only
- **B** I, III and IV only
- C II, III and IV only
- **D** I, II, III and IV
- 28 What is the percentage by mass of nitrogen content in urea, $CO(NH_2)_2$? Use the information that the relative atomic mass of C = 12, N =14, H=1 and O = 16
 - A 23.3 %
 B 31.8 %
 C 46.7 %
 - **D** 63.6 %

A meteorologist would like to release a weather balloon to the amosphere to carry out studies on the weather.

Between **A**, **B**, **C** and **D** in the Periodic Table shown below which is the most suitable element to fill up the weather balloon?



30 The diagram shows the electron arrangement of a substance formed between two atoms of Z.



Which of the following statements is true about the substance?

- A Consists of ions
- **B** Conduct electricity in molten state
- **C** The compound has a low melting point
- **D** Dissolves in water
- **31**. When 10 cm³ of 0.50 mol dm⁻³ NaOH is diluted with water to 100 cm³, the concentration of NaOH solution is
 - **A** 0.050 mol dm⁻³
 - **B** 0.10 mol dm⁻³
 - $C = 0.15 \mod dm^{-3}$
 - \mathbf{D} 0.20 mol dm⁻³

32 The reaction between lead (II) nitrate and potassium iodide solution is represented by the equation below

$$Pb(NO_3)_{2 (aq)} + 2KI_{(aq)} \rightarrow PbI_{2 (s)} + 2KNO_{3 (aq)}$$

 25.0 cm^3 of 1.0 mol dm⁻³ potassium iodide solution is mixed with 25.0 cm^3 of 1.0 mol dm⁻³ lead (II) nitrate solution. What is the maximum mass of lead(II) iodide produced in this reaction?

Use the information relative atomic mass for I = 127 and Pb = 207

A	4.175 g

- **B** 5.76 g
- **C** 8.35 g
- **D** 11.52 g

33 Which of the following is **NOT** a characteristic of ammonia?

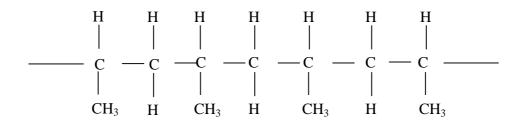
- **A** Very soluble in water.
- **B** Has a pungent smell.
- **C** A white fume gas.
- **D** Alkaline gas.

34 1g of magnesium was allowed to react with 50 cm³ of sulphuric acid, 1 mol dm-³. Three experiments were conducted using three different sizes of magnesium. The time taken to collect 20cm³ of hydrogen gas is as below.

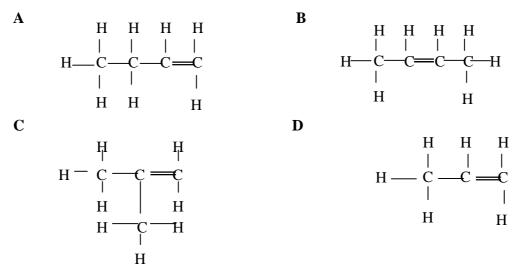
Experiment	Ι	II	III
Time / s	16	7	25

Which of the following experiments show the arrangement of the size of magnesium in decreasing order?

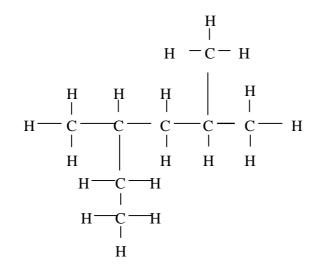
- A I, II, III
- **B** II, I, III
- C III, II, I
- **D** III, I, II
- 35 The diagram below is a structural formula of a polymer.



What is the structural formula of the monomer for the above polymer?



- 36 A compound with formula M_2CO_3 has a relative formula mass of 138. What is the relative atomic mass of M ? Use the information that the relative atomic mass of C = 12 and O = 16
 - A 39
 B 69
 C 78
 D 110
- **37** Study the structural formula below:



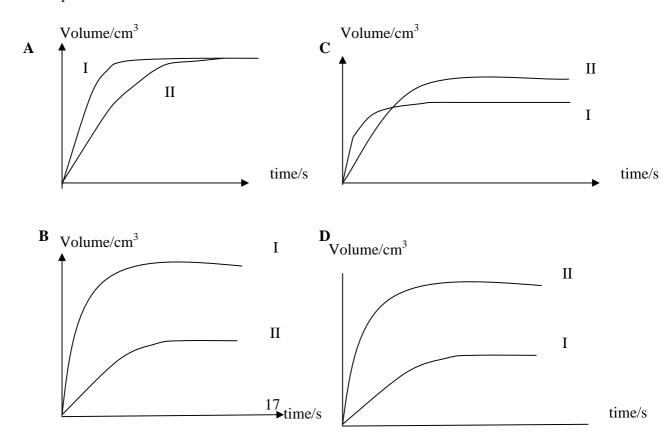
Based on the IUPAC system, what is the name of the compound having this structural formula?

- A 2,4,4- trimethylpentane
- **B** 2,4,4- trimethyloctane
- C 2-ethyl-4-methylpentane
- **D** 2,4-dimethylhexane

- **38** Butane has some similar characteristics with butene. The characteristics are
 - I Exist as gas at room temperature.
 - II Decolourise the purple colour of acidified potassium manganate(VII).
 - III Cannot dissolve in water.
 - IV Burn in excess air to produce a gas that turns limewater cloudy.
 - A I and III only
 - **B** II and IV only
 - C I, III and IV only
 - **D** I, II, III and IV
- **39** Two experiments were conducted to study the rate of reaction between excess calcium carbonate and sulphuric acid as shown below.

Experiment	Sulphuric acid
Ι	$25 \text{cm}^3 \text{H}_2 \text{ SO4}, 1 \text{ mol dm}^{-3}$
II	50cm ³ H ₂ SO ₄ , 0.5 mol dm ⁻³

Which of the following graphs best describes the results of the above experiments?



The relative atomic mass of metal Q is 7 and the relative atomic mass of the metal W is 56

Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from the above statement?

- I 1 mol of W has 8 times more atoms than 1 mol of Q
- II 1 atom of W is 8 times heavier than 1 atom of Q
- III 1 atom of W has the same number of protons with 8 atoms of Q
- IV 56 g of W has the same number of atoms as in 7 g of Q
- A I and III only
- **B** II and IV only
- C I, II and III only
- **D** I, II, III and IV
- **41** The equation shows neutralization reaction between W hydroxide solution and nitric acid.

$$W(OH)_2 + 2HNO_3 \rightarrow W(NO_3)_2 + 2H_2O$$

 20 cm^3 of W hydroxide solution 0.5 mol dm⁻³ neutralized 20 cm^3 of nitric acid. What is the concentration of the nitric acid needed?

- **A** 0.25 mol dm^{-3}
- **B** 0.50 mol dm⁻³
- **C** 1.00 mol dm^{-3}
- **D** 2.00 mol dm⁻³

42 An esterification reaction is given as follows:

Propanoic acid + ethanol \rightarrow Q + H₂O

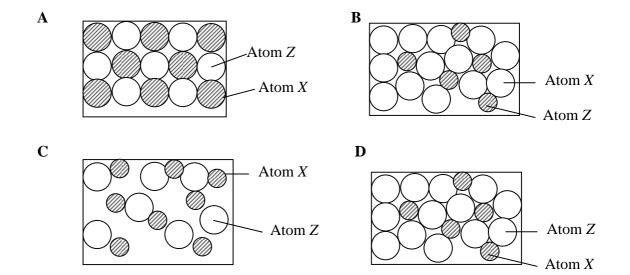
What is the molecular formula of ester Q?

- $A \qquad C_3H_7COOC_2H_5$
- **B** C₂H₅COOC₃H₇
- C C₂H₅COOC₂H₅
- **D** C₅H₁₁COOH

43 Below are the symbols of element X and Z.

$$^{27}_{13}X$$
 $^{12}_{6}Z$

If elements X and Z combine together to form an alloy Q, what is the arrangement of atoms in alloy Q?



44 The equation below represents the reaction to extract aluminium from aluminium oxide.

$$2Al_2O_3 \rightarrow 4Al + 3O_2$$

What is the mass of aluminium that can be extracted from 51 g of aluminium oxide ?

Given that relative atomic mass of Al = 27 and O = 16

- A 6.75 g
- **B** 13.5 g
- C 27.0 g
- **D** 54.0 g
- **45** Between these aqueous solutions, which will give the increasing number in pH value?
 - A CH₃COOH, HCl, NaOH, NaCl
 - **B** HCl, NaCl, CH₃COOH, NaOH
 - C NaOH, NaCl, CH₃COOH, HCl
 - **D** HCl, CH₃COOH, NaCl, NaOH
- 46

The table shows the number of electrons, proton number and number of neutrons for particles X and Y.

Particle	Number of	Proton number	Number of
	electrons		neutrons
Х	10	8	8
Y	7	7	8

Which of the following conclusions is correct for X and Y?

- **A** X is a positive ion
- **B** X and Y are isotopes
- **C** The mass of 1 mol of X is equals to 16g
- **D** Both X and Y are charged particles

47 The combustion of methane is as follows:

$CH_4 + 2O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + 2H_2O$	
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If 100 cm^3 of methane is burnt in excess air, what is the volume of carbon dioxide gas given off at room conditions?

Given that 1 mol of gas occupies 24 dm³ at room conditions.

- **A** 100 cm^3
- **B** 150 cm³
- $C = 200 \text{ cm}^3$
- **D** 300 cm^3

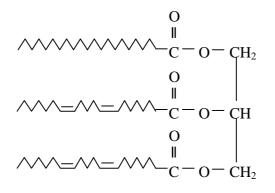
48 Which of the following are the properties of acid?

- I Changes the blue litmus paper to red
- II Reacts with metal to produce salt and hydrogen gas only
- III Reacts with metal oxide to produce salt and water only
- IV Reacts with metal carbonate to produce salt and carbon dioxide only
- A I and II only
- **B** II and III only
- C I, II and III only
- **D** I, II, III and IV
- **49** You were asked by your teacher to verify the cation and anion in a sample of iron (II) chloride salt solution.

What substance can you use to verify the cation and anion?

	Cation	Anion
A	Nessler reagent	Dilute nitric acid and silver nitrate
B	Nessler reagent	Dilute hydrochloric acid and barium chloride
С	Sodium hydroxide	Dilute nitric acid and silver nitrate
D	Sodium hydroxide	Dilute hydrochloric acid and barium chloride

50 The figure below shows the structural formula of a molecule of fat X.



Which of the following is true about fat X?

- I Fat X can undergo hydrogenation reaction.
- II Fat X could be found much in plants or vegetables.
- III Increases the amount of cholesterol in blood.
- IV Fat X is an ester.
- A I and II
- **B** III and IV
- C I, II and IV
- **D** I, II, III and IV

END OF QUESTION PAPER